1.

a. Import JDBC packages.

b. Load and register the JDBC driver.

c. Open a connection to the database.

d. Create a statement object to perform a query.

e. Execute the statement object and return a query resultset.

F. Process the resultset.

g. Close the resultset and statement objects.

h. Close the connection.

2. The executeQuery() method is normally used with the select statement, and return a resultset object.

ResultSet rset = null;  
Statement stmt = null;  
try {  
stmt = conn.createStatement( );  
rset = stmt.executeQuery("select last\_name, first\_name from person");  
}

The executeUpdate() method is used to delete from a database.

The next() method is used to move to the next row from the current row in terms of selection.